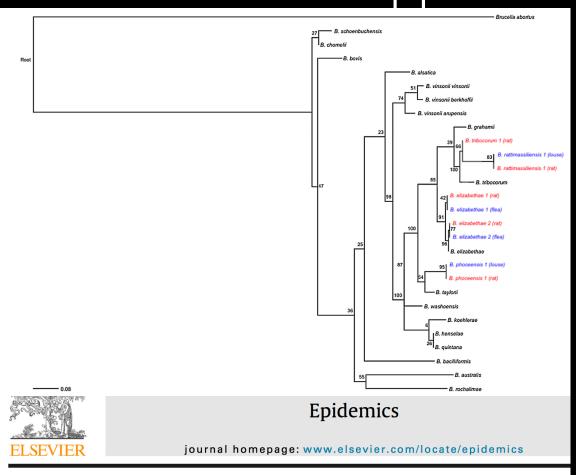
## Transmission dynamics and host-parasite-vector relationships in rodent-borne *Bartonella* spp.

- of a given species of flea on Malagasy *R. rattus* related to (a) the rest of the ectoparasite community infesting the rat and/or (b) the locality in which the rat is trapped?
- Mechanistic Question: How can we explain the prevalence of different serotypes of Bartonella spp. by age class in Malagasy Rattus rattus?
- Acknowledgements: Jess and Christian (readers); Amy (presentation)



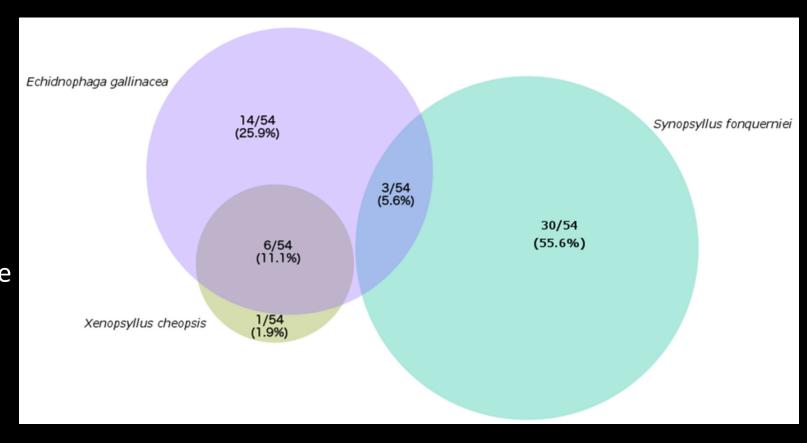
Elucidating transmission dynamics and host-parasite-vector relationships for rodent-borne *Bartonella* spp. in Madagascar

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## Statistical Question:

Is the occurrence of a given species of flea on Malagasy *R. rattus* related to (a) the locality in which the rat is trapped and/or (b) the rest of the ectoparasite community infesting the rat?

- Response Variable: pres/abs S. fonquerniei
- Predictor Variables: pres/abs of other two flea species (factor); inside/outside locality (factor)
- Family: "binomial"
- Link: logit
- Hypothesis: S. fonquerniei occurrence is related to absence of X. cheopsis
  & outdoor status of trapping locality
- R code:

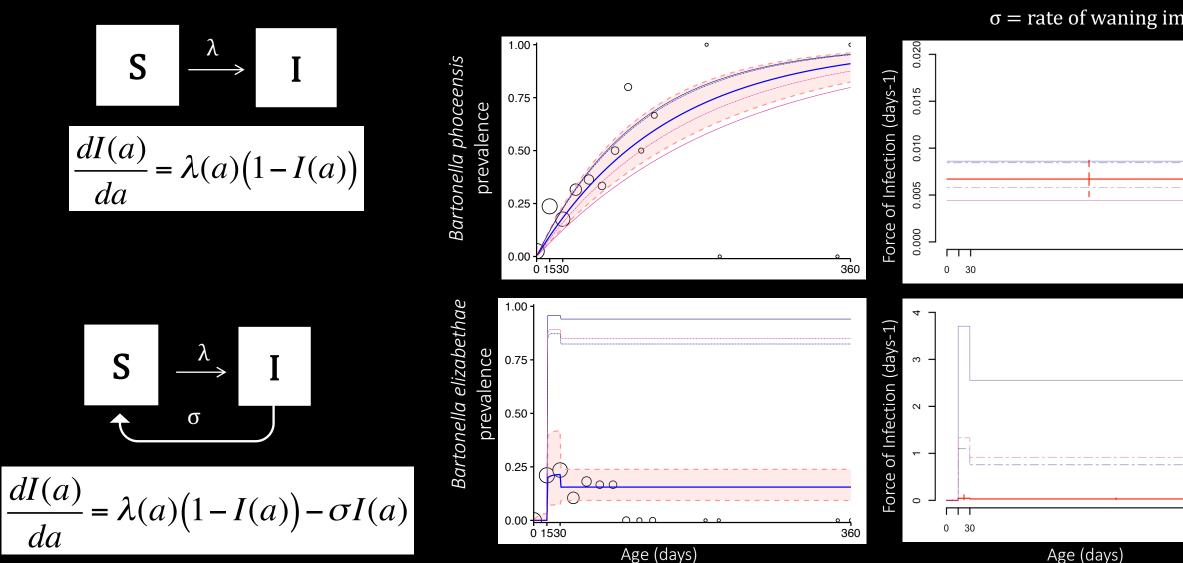


glm(pres/abs S. fonquerniei ~ pres/abs X. cheopsis + pres/abs E. gallinacea + inside/outside site, family="binomial", data = madarat)

## Mechanistic Question:

How can we explain the prevalence of different serotypes of *Bartonella* spp. by age class in Malagasy *Rattus rattus?* 

 $\lambda$  = force of infection;  $\sigma$  = rate of waning immunity



## **Next Steps:**

- 1. Conduct further field studies in lowland regions of Madagascar to determine whether the distribution of *B. elizabethae* is limited to the highland range of *S. fonquerniei*
- 2. Conduct more thorough sampling of *R. rattus* ectoparasite community to augment data suggesting that *Polyplax sp.* lice may serve as a vector for *B. phoceensis*
- 3. Conduct serological tests on *R. rattus* blood to attempt to identify a whether *Bartonella* spp. negative rats are recovered or susceptible.
- 4. Fit relevant mechanistic transmission models to age-seroprevalence data.

